Name	Date
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Proficiency Test (2021)

Vocabulary Part (28 points)

Task I. Match the words with the definitions.

us	K I. MUICH THE	. •••	ords with the definitions.	
		a)	a set of basic laws and principles that a country is governed by;	
1		b)	to thank someone in a polite way or to say that you are grateful for smth they have done;	
	president public sector	c)	to know about smth, because you have seen it, read it, used it etc;	
	constitution personnel	d)	a well-defined piece of territory inhabited by people who desire to live together and are politically organized;	
5.	promotion	e)	the official leader of a country that doesn't have a king or queen;	
6.	to be acquainted with	f)	a complex of interacting institutions that have sovereignty and authority to govern the people of the nation;	
7.	to provide		managery to go versions prosper to the control,	
8.	government	g)	the people who work in a company, organization;	
	to appreciate state	h)	a move to a more important job or position in a company or organization;	
		i)	the industries or services in a country that are owned and run by the government;	
		j)	to give or supply something.	
l <u>e</u>	2 3		4 5 6 7 8 9 10_	
				10

Task II. Choose the appropriate verb and underline it.

1. A supervisor <u>assigns</u>/controls work to his/her subordinates.

2.	A secretary makes/phones telephone calls.	
3.	A desk officer corrects/updates the computer database.	
4.	A boss decides/resolves conflicts among subordinates.	
5.	I'm going to apply/ask for this vacancy.	
6.	The Prime Minister makes the <i>submission/proposal</i> to the VR on the appointment of the Cabinet members.	
7.	A public servant deals/handles with citizens' problems.	
8.	The Verkhovna Rada develops/approves government policies.	
9.	The Center <i>provides/ensures</i> us with the opportunity to have internships at government agencies.	
10.		
Tasl	k III. Read the text and fill in the gaps with appropriate words from the box below.	
	 career public policies public administration well-being perform developing solve 	
primar	through government agencies and non-profit organizations. Public administrators	1 1 1
legislat	tion; implementing policies; managing programs, people, and budgets; and providing vital daily es for the of citizens.	1 —— 1
	Is public administration right for me?	1
•	ou interested in how the government works? Do you want to influence the direction of your unity, state, or country? Are you interested in such as education.	1

cr	riminal justice, economic development, or the	? Do you want to make a	
	fference in the lives of people? Do you want a challenging and rewarding		1
	o you want a degree that will prepare you for many careers in a wide va	_	 1
in	stitutions? If you answered 'yes' to any of the above questions, public adm	ninistration is for you!	1
		8	
E	Grammar Part (20 points)		
T	ask IV. Choose and <u>underline</u> the correct grammar tense or sentences.	· form to complete the	
1	II MD ' 4 W II D I CIII ' 0		
1.	How many MPs in the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine?		
	a) are		
	b) there are c) are there		1
	c) are there		
2.	This year the Training Center requirements to applicants for se	nior job positions.	
	a) develops		
	b) is developing		1
	c) has been developing		
3.	Laura in every conference on the EU integration policy.		
	a) is participating		
	b) participates		1
	c) participate		
4.	Sorry for ignoring your phone call. I negotiations with the Euro	opean Commission	
	officials when you me.		
	a) conducted / called		
	b) was conducting / called		1
	c) conducted / were calling		
5.	We a new project last month.		
	a) have launched		
	b) had launched		1
	c) launched		
6.	My assistant the report to the Head Office yet.		
	a) hasn't completed		

	b) didn't complete	
	c) doesn't complete	1
7.	I with our new supervisor tomorrow at 11 a.m.	
	a) will meet	
	b) meet	
	c) am meeting	1
8.	I think the next applicant more suitability to this job position.	
	a) will demonstrate	
	b) is demonstrating	
	c) demonstrates	1
9.	If I you, I more attention to the subordinates' participation in the staff meetings.	
	a) am / will pay	
	b) was / will pay	
	c) were / would pay	1
10.	The results of your test leave much to be desired. If you classes, you much less	
	mistakes in your paper.	
	a) didn't miss / made	
	b) didn't miss / would make	
	c) hadn't missed / would have made	1
11.	you promotion prospects when you worked at the Ministry of Finance?	
	a) Do have	
	b) Have had	
	c) Did have	1
12.	I people at work, but yesterday my boss was on a business trip and I visitors and even applicants.	
	a) don't deal with / meet / interview	
	b) didn't deal with / met / interviewed	1
	c) don't deal with / met / interviewed	1
13.	When the supervisor, they a discussion about the changes in the promotion policy of the directorate.	
	a) had arrived / still had	
	b) arrived / were still having	
	c) arrived / still had	1

14.	Do you know where Mr. Smith is? – He job applicants.	
	a) is interviewing	
	b) interviews	1
	c) has been interviewing	
15.	By the time I to ask my assistant to prepare the list of subordinates' proposals, she already it.	
	a) had decided / has done	
	b) decided / has done	1
	c) decided / had done	
16.	In order to find information the Internet, you use the World Wide Web (WWW).	
	a) in	
	b) over	1
	c) on	
17.	You need a computer and a telephone line in order to connect the Internet.	
	a) to	
	b) with	1
	c)	
18.	There is a speed limit here. You drive so fast.	
	a) don't have to	
	b) mustn't	1
	c) needn't	
19.	The last presentation was too!	
	a) bored	
	b) a bore	1
	c) boring	
20.	What is largest country in the world?	
	a)	
	b) the	1
	c) a	
	20	
	48	

READING (22 points)

Task I. Read the text and label the paragraphs with the appropriate headings.

_	symbols of the EU reasons for uniting Europe	c) Schuman's pland) the first official document of the	ECSC
to prevent such kill East and West as the States of Europe' in the United Europe intergovernmental	ling and destruction ever happen e 40-year-long Cold War began. I n a speech he gave at the Zurich Movement was created. It was	in the Second World War. Europeaning again. Soon after the war, Europeaning 1946 Winston Churchill called for University. In 1947, fostered by hostile to supranational organs a conscreated the Council of Europe countries wanted to go further.	rope was split into for a 'kind of United Winston Churchill, and in favour of an
cooperation. It was of peaceful relatio	his proposal on the creation of ar	finister Robert Schuman presented organized Europe, indispensable in "Schuman declaration", is contain Union.	to the maintenance
signed in Paris. It esigned the treaty to none of them could	entered into force on 23 July 195 run their heavy industries – coal a on its own make the weapons o	the European Coal and Steel Common S2. It was based on the Schuman and steel – under a common manage of war to turn against the other, as turn and Luxembourg (Founding Notes).	plan. Six countries gement. In this way, in the past. The six
the anthem, the mo	otto and the single currency (the	ean symbol (Europe Day) which, a euro), identifies the political enti festivities that bring Europe close	ty of the European er to its citizens and
	h	(Adapted from: Europa. Gateway to the Euro http://europa.eu/abc/history/1945-1959/index_	
			4

Task II. Decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F).

1.	The historical roots of the European Union lie in the First World War.	F
2.	Winston Churchill called for a 'kind of United States of Europe' in 1949 while meeting with French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman.	

4.	In 19 Euro	950 the Council of Europe presented a plan for deeper economic cooperation in ope.	
5.	The	ECSC stands for the European Cooperation and Security Committee.	
6.		treaty establishing the ECSC was designed to run the member-states' heavy industries al and steel – under a common management.	
7.	It all	owed the member states to make the weapons of war in case of necessity.	
8.	Ther	re were five Founding Member States.	
	1	8	
		Complete the following sentences with the words from the text. Storical roots of the European Union lie in the Second World War.	<u> </u>
2. It	was	Robert Schuman who proposed an organized Europe, to the maintenance of peaceful relations.	1
th	ne	the 9th of May has become a European symbol (Europe Day) which, along with the flag, , the and the, identifies the, of the European Union.	1
		eaty establishing the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC), which the leaders of six an states signed on 18 April 1951 in Paris, on 23 July 1952.	1
		on of the in 1949 was the 1 st step of West European nations s cooperation.	1
		5	
Γαsk	IV.	Complete the table describing the events that happened in years mentioned	۱.
19	46	W. Churchill called for a kind of United States of Europe in his speech at the Zurich University.	
19	47		

The Council of Europe was created in 1949.

1949		1
1950		1
1951		1
1952		1
	5	

WRITING (10 points)

Task I. Fill in the application form.

Administrative details for the insurance

	ESSENTIAL TO FILL IN AND RETURN TO US
Full name	IVAN VOLOSHKO
Date and place of birth	Nationality
Passport numbe	Valid until
Official residence	•
Telephone (private)	(office)
MOBILE numbe (IMPORTANT)	r
Email address (work)	email (private)
Identity of benef	iciary in case of death:
Full name	Relationship
Address of official residence	
	Person to contact in case of emergency
Full name	Relationship

10
10
]

1.	Social sites are always useless in finding new employees.		
2.	Some of the reasons of the job market competitiveness are the slow job growth and the high turnover rate.		
3.	Job applicants don't want to demonstrate their skills to the employers on the Internet.		
4.	According to Ben Kirshner, two out of four people are found based on recommendations from others.		
5.	SEM stands for Security in Europe and Middle East.		
6.	Ben Kirshner's company, while searching for candidates for new positions, first of all considers existing employees.		

6

Task II. Listen to the recording again and <u>underline</u> the only correct answer to each question.

- 1. What do candidates usually demonstrate when applying for a job?
 - a) The candidates usually describe their talents and abilities they could bring to an organization.
 - b) In the majority of cases the job seekers simply apply for a job and list their work experience.
 - c) The candidates in many cases can't show anything.
- 2. How are the majority of candidates for new positions found?
 - a) The majority of candidates are found based on recommendations from others.
 - b) The candidates are usually found based on the information from the social sites.

1

	from social sites.					
3.	a) Steve Langerud advisb) He advises students treach its goals.	tirector of professional opportunities, advise the students on? ses students on writing essays. to think harder about the skills they really need to help the organization ssional opportunities advises not to register in any social site.	1			
4.	b) Twitter is used for pr	is used by professionals.	1			
5.	A high turnover rate implies: a) seldom move of work b) often move of employ c) no staff transition. 		1			
Та	sk III. Complete the se	ntences from the text you have listened to.				
1.	The job market is more com	petitive than ever.	<u> </u>			
2.	Many job	go online to connect with employers.	1 —			
3.	3. Unfortunately, they simply list their job					
		their talents and abilities.	11			
5.	Social sites are	when they show the abilities of job candidates.	1			
6.	Employers, too, shouldtheir search methods. They should think harder about thethey really need to help their organization reach its goals.		1 2			
7.	LinkedIn is a	site for professionals.	<u> </u>			
8.	Pay	ay to what you put on the Internet.				
	<i>y</i>		1			
		9				

The new employees are found based on both – recommendations from others and information

Total:		100
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Audio Script

Using the Internet and Social Media to Search for a Job

The job market is more competitive than ever for millions of workers around the world. In America, one reason right now is the slow recovery in job growth after the recession.

But other reasons involve changes in the needs of the American and global economies. In big developing economies like India and China, high turnover rates mean workers often move from job to job.

These days, many job seekers go online to connect with employers. Job candidates want to show that they have a lot to offer. But in many cases they simply apply for a job title and list their work experience. Instead, they should describe the talents and abilities they could bring to an organization.

That is the advice of Steve Langerud, director of professional opportunities at DePauw University in Indiana. He advises students on career planning and often talks about workplace issues in the media.

He says social media sites are valuable when they show the abilities of job candidates and not just their job title and experience.

Steve Langerud says employers, too, should change their search methods. They should think harder about the skills they really need to help their organization reach its goals.

Ben Kirshner is the founder and chief executive of a media marketing company based in New York called Elite SEM. SEM is search engine marketing. His company's job is to help businesses improve their websites and search engine results.

Ben Kirshner says when his company is searching for candidates for new positions, it first looks within. It considers existing employees. After that, he says, social sites can be valuable for finding new people.

In other words, three out of four people are found based on recommendations from others.

Elite SEM uses sites like Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn to learn about job candidates. LinkedIn is a networking site for professionals, so users might be more careful about what they say.

Mr. Kirshner says a site like Facebook can also provide a lot of information -- good or bad -- about a person. So pay attention to what you put on the Internet and what others put online about you.

(From: VOA Special English – Text & MP3: <u>Text</u>: <u>www.manythings.org/voa/scripts</u>;

<u>Audio file</u>: <u>http://www.voanews.com/MediaAssets2/learningenglish/2011_05/se-econ-jobs-internet-pt1-06may11.mp3}</u></u>